# 7. LOCAL GOVERNMENT CHAPTER 3. ALTERNATIVE FORMS OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT MONTANA CODE ANNOTATED 2013 

## Part 3. County Manager Government

7-3-112. Statutory basis for county manager government. (1) For the purpose of determining the statutory basis of existing units of local government after May 2, 1977, each unit of local government organized under the general statutes authorizing the county manager form of government shall be governed by the following sections:
(a) 7-3-301;
(b) 7-3-303;
(c) 7-3-304;
(d) 7-3-305;
(e) 7-3-312(2);
(f) 7-3-313(1) or (2);
(g) 7-3-314(2);
(h) 7-3-315(1);
(i) 7-3-316(2);
(j) $7-3-317(2)$;
(k) 7-3-318.
(2) Commissioners are elected to 6 -year terms. The size of the commission shall be established by ordinance, but it may not exceed five members.

7-3-301. Commission-manager form. The commission-manager form, which may be called the council-manager form, consists of an elected commission, which may be called the council, and a manager appointed by the commission, who is the chief administrative officer of the local government. The manager is responsible to the commission for the administration of all local government affairs placed in the manager's charge by law, ordinance, or resolution.

7-3-303. Appointment of manager. The manager shall be appointed by the commission for an indefinite term on the basis of merit only and removed only by a majority vote of the whole number of the commission.

7-3-304. Duties of manager. The manager shall:
(1)enforce laws, ordinances, and resolutions;
(2) perform the duties required by law, ordinance, or resolution;
(3) administer the affairs of the local government;
(4) direct, supervise, and administer all departments, agencies, and offices of the local government unit except as otherwise provided by law or ordinance;
(5) carry out policies established by the commission;
(6) prepare the commission agenda;
(7) recommend measures to the commission;
(8) report to the commission on the affairs and financial condition of the local government;
(9) execute bonds, notes, contracts, and written obligations of the commission, subject to the approval of the commission;
(10) report to the commission as the commission may require;
(11) attend commission meetings and may take part in the discussion but may not vote;
(12) prepare and present the budget to the commission for its approval and execute the budget adopted by the commission;
(13) appoint, suspend, and remove all employees of the local government except as otherwise provided by law or ordinance;
(14) appoint members of temporary advisory committees established by the manager.

## 7-3-305. Employees of commission-manager government.

(1) Employees appointed by the manager and the manager's subordinates must be administratively responsible to the manager.
(2) Neither the commission nor any of its members may dictate the appointment or removal of any employee whom the manager or any of the manager's subordinates are empowered to appoint.
(3) Except for the purpose of inquiry or investigation under this title, the commission or its members shall deal with the local government employees who are subject to the direction and supervision of the manager solely through the manager, and neither the commission nor its members may give orders to the employee, either publicly or privately.

7-3-312. Appointment to boards. All members of boards, other than temporary advisory committees established by the manager, must be appointed by:
(1) the presiding officer with the consent of the commission;
(2) the manager with the consent of the commission; or
(3) the commission.

7-3-313. Selection of commission members. The commission shall be:
(1) elected at large;
(2) elected by districts in which candidates must reside and which are apportioned by population;
(3) elected at large and nominated by a plan of nomination that may not preclude the possibility of the majority of the electors nominating candidates for the majority of the seats on the commission from persons residing in the district or districts where the majority of the electors reside; or
(4) elected by any combination of districts, in which candidates must reside and which are apportioned by population, and at large.

7-3-314. Type of election. Local government elections shall be conducted on a:
(1) partisan basis; or
(2) nonpartisan basis.

7-3-315. Presiding officer of commission. The presiding officer of the commission must be:
(1) elected by the members of the commission from their own number for a term established by ordinance;
(2) elected by the qualified electors for a term of office; or
(3) selected as provided by ordinance.

7-3-316. Terms of commission members. Commission members shall be elected for:
(1) concurrent terms of office; or
(2) overlapping terms of office.

7-3-317. Size of commission and community councils. The size of the commission, which shall be a number not less than three, shall be established when the form is adopted by the voters, and:
(1) community councils of at least three members shall be elected within each district to advise the commissioner from that district. Local governments conducting elections at large shall district according to population for the purpose of electing community councils; or
(2) community councils to advise commissioners may be authorized by ordinance.

7-3-318. Terms of elected officials. The term of office of elected officials may not exceed 4 years and shall be established when the form is adopted by the voters.

