### 7.3.113. STATUTORY BASIS FOR MUNICIPAL COUNCIL - MAYOR GOVERNMENT.

(1) For the purpose of determining the statutory basis of existing units of local government, each unit of local government organized under the general statutes authorizing the municipal council-mayor form of government, which does not adopt a new form, shall be governed after May 2, 1977, by the following sections:
(a) 7-3-201
(i) 7-3-217(1)
(b) 7-3-202(1)
(j) $7-3-218(2)$
(c) 7-3-203
(k) 7-3-219(1)
(d) 7-3-212(2)
(I) 7-3-220(1)
(e) 7-3-213(3)
(m) 7-3-221(3)
(f) $7-3-214(2)$
(n) 7-3-222(2)
(g) $7-3-215(2)$
(o) 7-3-223(2)
(h) 7-3-216(2)
(2) This form has terms of 4 years for all elected officials. The size of the commission shall be established by ordinance, but it may not exceed 20 members.

## 7-3-201. COMMISSION - EXECUTIVE FORM.

The commission-executive form (which may be called the council-executive, the council-mayor, or the commission-mayor form) consists of an elected commission (which may be referred to as the council) and one elected executive (who may be referred to as the mayor) who is elected at large.

## 7-3-202. NATURE OF GOVERNMENT.

The plan of government submitted to the qualified electors shall determine the powers of the local government unit by authorizing:
(1) general government powers;

OR
(2) self-government powers.

## 7-3-203. DUTIES OF EXECUTIVE. THE EXECUTIVE SHALL:

(1) enforce laws, ordinances, and resolutions;
(2) perform duties required by law, ordinance, or resolution;
(3) administer affairs of the local government;
(4) carry out policies established by the commission;
(5) recommend measures to the commission;
(6) report to the commission on the affairs and financial condition of the local government;
(7) execute bonds, notes, contracts, and written obligations of the commission, subject to the approval of the commission;
(8) report to the commission as the commission may require;
(9) attend commission meetings and may take part in discussions;
(10) execute the budget adopted by the commission;

## AND

(11) appoint, with the consent of the commission, all members of boards, except the executive may appoint without the consent of the commission temporary advisory committees established by the executive.

## 7-3-204. THROUGH 7-3-210 RESERVED.

## 7-3-211. STRUCTURAL SUB - OPTIONS.

The plan of government submitted to the qualified electors shall further define the structural characteristics of the form by including one item from each of the choices listed in 7-3-212 through 7-3-224.

## 7-3-212. ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANTS.

## The executive:

(1) shall OR
(2) may
appoint one or more administrative assistants to assist in the supervision and operation of the local government, and the administrative assistants are answerable solely to the executive.

## 7-3-213. SUPERVISION OF PERSONNEL.

The executive may:
(1) appoint and remove all employees of the local government;
(2) appoint and remove, with the consent of a majority of the commission, all employees of the local government;
(3) appoint, with the consent of a majority of the commission, all department heads and remove department heads and may appoint and remove all other department employees;

OR
(4) appoint and remove, with the consent of a majority of the commission, all department heads and appoint and remove all other employees of the local government.

## 7-3-214. VETO POWER.

## The executive may:

(1) veto ordinances and resolutions, subject to override by a majority plus one of the whole number of the commission;
(2) veto ordinances and resolutions, subject to override by a two-thirds vote of the commission;

OR
(3) sign all ordinances and resolutions with no veto power.

## 7-3-215. PREPARATION OF BUDGET.

The executive may:
(1) prepare the budget and present it to the commission for adoption;

OR
(2) prepare the budget in consultation with the commission and department heads.

## 7-3-216. ADMINISTRATIVE SUPERVISION AND CONTROL.

## The executive may:

(1) exercise control and supervision of the administration of all departments and boards;

OR
(2) exercise control and supervision of all departments and boards to the degree authorized by ordinance of the commission.

## 7-3-217. FINANCIAL OFFICER.

A financial officer (who may be called the treasurer):
(1) shall be elected;
(2) shall be appointed by the executive with the consent of the council;
(3) shall be selected as provided by ordinance;

OR
(4) may, at the discretion of the commission, be selected as provided by ordinance.

## 7-3-218. SELECTION OF COMMISSION MEMBERS.

The commission shall be:
(1) elected at large;
(2) elected by districts in which candidates must reside and which are apportioned by population;
(3) elected at large and nominated by a plan of nomination that may not preclude the possibility of the majority of the electors nominating candidates for the majority of the seats on the commission from persons residing in the district or districts where the majority of the electors reside;

OR
(4) elected by any combination of districts, in which candidates must reside and which are apportioned by population, and at large.

Local government elections shall be conducted on a:
(1) partisan basis;

OR
(2) nonpartisan basis.

7-3-220.

## 7-3-221.

7-3-222.

7-3-224.

PRESIDING OFFICER OF COMMISSION.
The commission must have a presiding officer who must be:
(1) elected by the members of the commission from their own number for a term established by ordinance;

OR
(2) selected as provided by ordinance.

## PRESIDING OFFICER OF COMMISSION.

The presiding officer of the commission:
(1) may vote as other members of the commission;
(2) is the executive, who may vote as the commissioners;
(3) is the executive, who shall decide all tie votes of the commission but may not have another vote (the presiding officer of the commission shall preside if the executive is absent);

OR
(4) is the executive but may not vote.

## TERMS OF COMMISSION MEMBERS.

Commission members shall be elected for:
(1) concurrent terms of office;

OR
(2) overlapping terms of office.

SIZE OF COMMISSION AND COMMUNITY COUNCILS.
The size of the commission, which shall be a number not less than three, shall be established when the form is adopted by the voters, and:
(1) community councils of at least three members shall be elected within each district to advise the commissioner from that district. Local governments conducting elections at large shall district according to population for the purpose of electing community councils;

OR
(2) community councils to advise commissioners may be authorized by ordinance.

TERMS OF ELECTED OFFICIALS.
The term of office of elected officials may not exceed 4 years and shall be established when the form is adopted by the voters.

